

Material Safety Data Sheet

Last Updated: 11 August 2008

Identity: **PHC™ Ecto-Injectable Inoculant**

Section I -- Manufacturer

Plant Health Care, Inc.	Emergency Phone #:	800-421-9051
440 William Pitt Way	Phone # for Information:	412-826-5488
Pittsburgh, PA 15238		

Section II -- Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Natural fungal spores and dry plant tissue 6.5%	15 mg/m ³ --nuisance dust-- (much less for allergic individuals.)	10 mg/m ³
Common soil bacteria beneficial for horticulture	--	--
Nuisance Dusts 93.5%		
Respirable (TWA)	5 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Total (TWA)	15 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica traces	0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable)	50µg/m ³ (NIOSH) (respirable)

Section III -- Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point:	NA	Specific Gravity:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	NA	Melting Point:	NA
Vapor Density:	NA	Evaporation Rate:	NA

Solubility in Water: Insoluble
Appearance and Odor: Dark grey brown powder with food-like odor.

Section IV -- Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: No Data **Flammable Limits; LEL:** No Data; **UEL:** No Data

Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, mist. Avoid stirring up dust.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Wear respiratory protection to avoid breathing dust and smoke. Avoid stirring up flammable dust.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Take precautions against explosion hazard due to excessive buildup of explosive airborne concentrations of burnable spore dust and plant powder.

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Section V -- Reactivity Data

Stability: Chemically stable **Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid explosive dust concentrations.
Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): Disinfectants and solvents will kill the active biological ingredients.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: None Known

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Section VI -- Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation--yes Skin--Yes Ingestion--Yes Eyes--yes

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

Acute: Red and irritated eyes upon contact. Possible eye infection. Excessive inhalation of dust may result in mild symptoms of hay fever or respiratory irritation. Persons with acute allergies to molds or fungus spores could become asthmatic, with wheezing and breathing difficulties (rare). Allergies could develop over time in some individuals. Skin irritation may occur with prolonged skin contact. Repeated or prolonged skin contact could result in allergic skin rash. Contact with open wounds or broken skin could result in irritation or infection.

Chronic: Persons with mold allergies could experience hayfever with sneezing and nasal congestion. Allergies could develop over time, with repeated excessive exposure, theoretically. Repeated and prolonged breathing of excessive dust concentrations could lead to pulmonary diseases. Mild to moderate skin irritation may occur in sensitive individuals with prolonged skin contact. Contains tiny amounts of crystalline silica dust. May cause delayed respiratory disease if silica dust is inhaled repeatedly over a prolonged period of time.

Carcinogenicity: IARC Monographs: Yes (Crystalline Silica). On the evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans (Vol 42, 1987), IARC concludes that there is "limited evidence" of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to humans through inhalation. IARC classification of crystalline silica: 2A. This product contains only trace amounts of silica.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Excessive concentrations of dusts in air could make breathing difficult. Sneezing, stuffed or runny nose, hayfever symptoms could occur in allergic individuals. Persons with acute allergies could become asthmatic, with wheezing and breathing difficulties (rare). Skin or respiratory allergies could develop over time. Individuals with pulmonary and respiratory disease including, but not limited to, asthma and bronchitis, should be precluded from exposure to dust.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Hayfever, mold allergies, pulmonary afflictions, immune deficiencies. Persons with compromised immune systems, such as those with advanced AIDS, or taking antirejection drugs, or undergoing chemotherapy, should contact their physician before handling bacterial products.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

If hayfever symptoms develop, remove individual from exposure. If wheezing or breathing difficulties develop, remove the individual to fresh air. Give oxygen if available.

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Call a physician. If breathing ceases, give artificial respiration, call a physician, get to a hospital. If material is ingested, drink water, induce vomiting, call a physician. If product contacts open wounds or broken skin, wash with water, and apply an over-the-counter topical antiseptic. If infection develops, see a physician.

Section VII -- Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Sweep up spilled material and use as directed. Avoid stirring up dust. Avoid breathing dust. Handle under conditions of adequate ventilation. Wear an approved respirator or dust mask where dusty conditions occur. If spilled in residential living quarters or dining area, clean area with water containing a disinfectant. Residue will not harm drains or sewers. Beware of slippery floors when material becomes wet, or if spillage occurs in wet areas. Wear nonporous gloves when handling. Wash hands after handling.

Waste Disposal Method: Excess spilled material may be collected and used as directed. There are no ingredients which are hazardous to the natural environment.

Other Precautions: Use good hygiene practices. Wash hands after handling. If spilled on clothes, wash separately from regular clothes. If applied as an aqueous spray, avoid breathing mist.

Section VII -- Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: Under normal use, the material is added to water, after which there is no longer a dust inhalation problem. However, dust may be problem during production. Use a dust mask if needed. If dusting is a significant problem, use respirator for fine particulates <10 µm diameter: HEPA Filter Cartridge Type H. If applied as an aqueous spray, avoid breathing mist.

Ventilation: Use adequate ventilation to keep dust levels below allowable limits. Hood or other mechanical exhaust is recommended if handling indoors.

Protective Gloves: Wear nonporous gloves.

Eye Protection: Wear protective goggles if eye contact is possible..

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Apron recommended.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid stirring up dust. Wash hands after handling. If spilled on clothes, wash separately from regular clothes. If product is applied by spray, avoid breathing mist.